

CONSIDERATIONS FOR USING NATURAL RESOURCES FOR ENERGY IN ALBERTA

(CHART)



NATURAL RESOURCE	OPPORTUNITIES	CHALLENGES
Natural Gas	 We have lots in Alberta Sell to other countries to grow our economy Natural gas power plants respond easily to changes in energy demand 	 Non-renewable Greenhouse gas emissions Pipelines and wells have an impact on land, air, water, plants and animals
Oil	 We have lots in the Alberta Source of electricity in remote communities Sell to other countries to grow our economy 	 Non-renewable Greenhouse gas emissions Seismic lines, wells, pipelines, rail lines have an impact on land, air, water, plants and animals Water is used during extraction, production and refining
Coal 🖨	 We have lots in Alberta Lower costs compared to other resources because mines, power plants and transmission lines already exist 	 Non-renewable Greenhouse gas emissions Mines have an impact on land, air, water, plants and animals Coal-fired power plants respond slowly to changes in electricity demand
Uranium 🛞	 A small amount of uranium makes a lot of energy (efficient) No greenhouse gases are emitted 	 Non-renewable Radioactive waste is produced High cost to build a power plant Uranium is mined in remote locations and transported long distances to power plants
Geothermal	 Renewable No greenhouse gases are emitted Reliable source of energy (supply doesn't change) 	 High cost to build wells and power plants Not available everywhere (parts of Alberta have low underground temperatures)
Water / Hydro	 Renewable No greenhouse gases are emitted Reservoir can be used for recreation Responds quickly to changes in electricity demand 	 High up front cost to build dams and reservoirs Changes the river/stream flow and aquatic habitat Reservoirs flood surrounding land impacting local communities, including First Nations
Solar 🚖	 Renewable No greenhouse gases are emitted Photovoltaic (<i>solar</i>) panels require little maintenance once built Solar panels can be built where you need them (<i>i.e. on the roof of a home</i>) 	 High cost to build solar panels Supply varies throughout the day and is not available at night Energy storage technology is lacking for large projects
Bio-mass	 Renewable Makes use of waste material that would otherwise contribute to landfills (wood chips, cow manure, food waste, etc.) 	 Greenhouse gases produced Limited supply of waste material in some cases. If grown for just energy this impacts land for food production
Wind 📥	 Renewable No greenhouse gases are emitted Small physical footprint on the landscape 	 Supply varies and wind speeds can be too high or too low Wind turbines obstruct views Birds and bats flight paths affected